

# SAFETY DATA SHEET MC 2495 (LC2)

## **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier MC 2495

Other means of

Not available.

identification

Product type Solid.

Product code LXN25020AO

MSDS# 1272

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: For

Industrial applications: Lubricants; grease.

professional use only.

Distributor details Pack Logix

2501 W. Hampton Ave. Milwaukee, WI 53209 Tel: (414) 464-7200 Fax: (414) 462-0980

CHEMTREC

Emergency telephone

number

800.535.5053

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Not applicable.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substancelmixture Mixture Other means of Not available.

identification

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	40- 70	64742-65-0
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1-5	68649-42-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

> not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

> keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signslsymptoms

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

InhalationNo specific data.Skin contactNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

ecomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA

filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste

container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Expos ure limits
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if

a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid. [grease]

Color Amber.

Odor Mild. Petroleum oil
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable.

Melting point Not available.

Boiling point Not available.

Flash point Not available.

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks

and static discharge.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative density0.9 g/cm³

**Solubility** Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

VOE Method EPA Method 24- Determination of Volatile Matter Content; ASTM D 2369

"Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings"

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

**products** not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LD <sub>50</sub> Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion
Conclusion/Summary

Skin No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eyes No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Respiratory** Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray or mist may produce respiratory tract irritation.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** No specific information is available in our database regarding the skin sensitizing

properties of this product. Sensitization not suspected for humans.

**Respiratory** Sensitization not suspected for humans.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**There are no data available on the mixture itself. Mutagenicity not suspected for

humans.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself. Carcinogenicity not suspected for

humans.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**There are no data available on the mixture itself. Not considered to be dangerous to

humans, according to our database.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Teratogenicity not suspected for

humans.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

InhalationNo specific data.Skin contactNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary**Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary Not readily biodegradable. This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food

chains in the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
MC 2495	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	_	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts

TSCA B(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc

salts; tris(dipentyldithiocarbamato-S,S')antimony

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Phosphorodithioic acid, 0,0-di- C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1-5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	1-5
Supplier notification	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SOS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SOS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting** None of the components are listed. **Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey** None of the components are listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Florida substances

None of the components are listed.

When the components are listed.

Act

Louisiana Reporting None of the components are listed. Louisiana Spill None of the components are listed. Massachusetts Spill None of the components are listed. **Massachusetts Substances** None of the components are listed. Michigan Critical Material None of the components are listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances None of the components are listed. **New Jersey Spill** None of the components are listed. **New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act** None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances The following components are listed: ZINC compounds

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances None of the components are listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances

The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A B. C. E)

Not listed.

#### International lists

National inventory

Australia All components are listed or exempted.

China All components are listed or exempted.

Europe All components are listed or exempted.

Japan All components are listed or exempted.

MalaysiaNot determined.New ZealandNot determined.

Philippines All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Not determined.

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS (Canada) Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI The following components are listed: Zinc (and its compounds)

CEPA Toxic substances None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory; DSL/ All components are listed or exempted.

**NDSL** 

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

MSDS #: 1272

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with Orepresenting minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### <u>History</u>

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue 7/16/2014.

Version 1.02

Regulatory Department, Chemtool Inc.

**Key to abbreviations** ATE= Acute Toxicity Estimate

1/7/2015.

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS= Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA= International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG= International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow= logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78= International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

**1973** as modified by the Protocol of **1978**. ("Marpol"= marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named distributor, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.